



1876



1932



1988



2013

Urbanization

Unit 3 Lesson 1

Evolution of Cities

Order these cities in highest to lowest population

Austin

Arlington

Corpus Christi

Dallas

El Paso

Fort Worth

Houston

Laredo

Plano

San Antonio

Houston 2,300,000

San Antonio 1,500,900

Dallas 1,300,000

Austin 931,000

Fort Worth 833,000

El Paso 681,000

Arlington 388,000

Corpus Christi 324,000

Plano 283,500

Laredo 255,500

Examine the relationship of highest populated cities and their locations



Houston 2,300,000
San Antonio 1,500,900
Dallas 1,300,000
Austin 931,000
Fort Worth 833,000
El Paso 681,000
Arlington 388,000
Corpus Christi 324,000
Plano 283,500
Laredo 255,500

Essential ?'s



- 39 What were factors that contributed to the evolution of the first cities?
- 40 In today's society, why might urbanization be better analyzed by looking at the metropolitan statistical area (MSA) versus the city proper?
- 41 What is the spatial relationship between the world's megacities today?



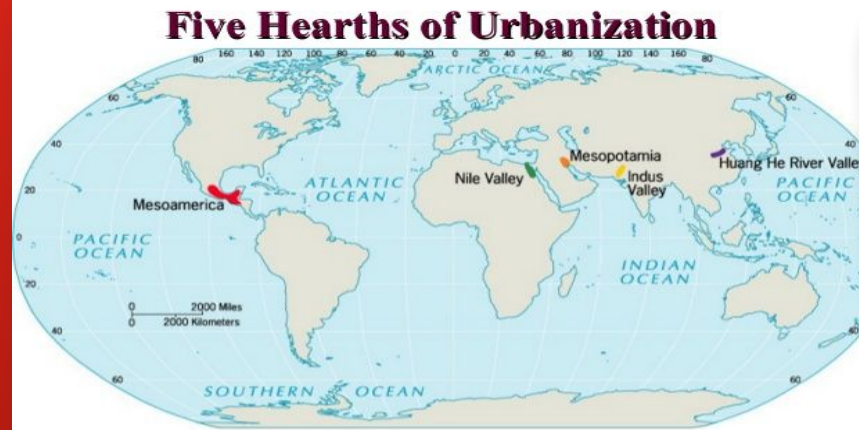
Map Items on SIM

- Erie Canal
- Hudson River
- Lake Erie
- Lake Michigan
- Lake Ontario
- Lake Huron
- Lake Superior
- St. Lawrence Seaway
- Houston, United States
- Dallas, United States
- Los Angeles, United States
- San Francisco, United States
- Cleveland, United States
- Cincinnati, United States
- Orlando, United States
- Tampa Bay, United States
- Karachi, Pakistan
- Shanghai, China
- Mumbai, India

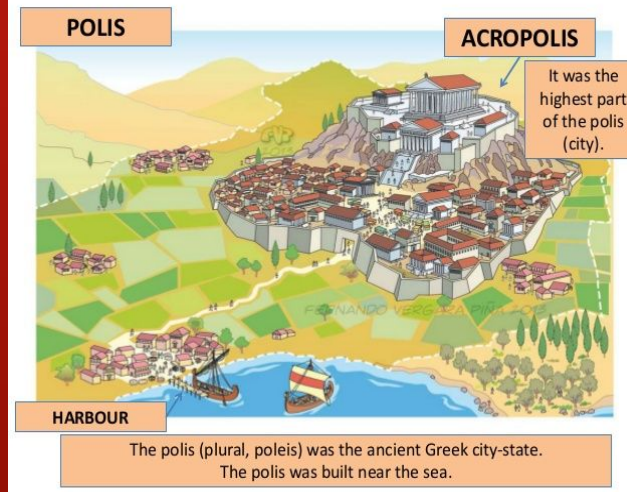


Vocabulary

- Urban Hearth – places where an idea or cultural traits originate
- Nomad – person who wander seasonally for food.
- Urban – city or town
- Polis – Ancient Greek city-state that included the city and the surrounding land
- Village – group of people living in a rural area, smaller than a town



In each of these hearths, an agricultural surplus and social stratification created the conditions necessary for cities to form and be maintained.



Vocab.

Location

• Site vs. Situation

○ Site – The immediate spatial and physical characteristics of a city

- Landforms
- Climate
- Resources
- Proximity to food

○ Situation – Relative location of a city, or outside of the city.

○ Towns – Develop as population of village increase.

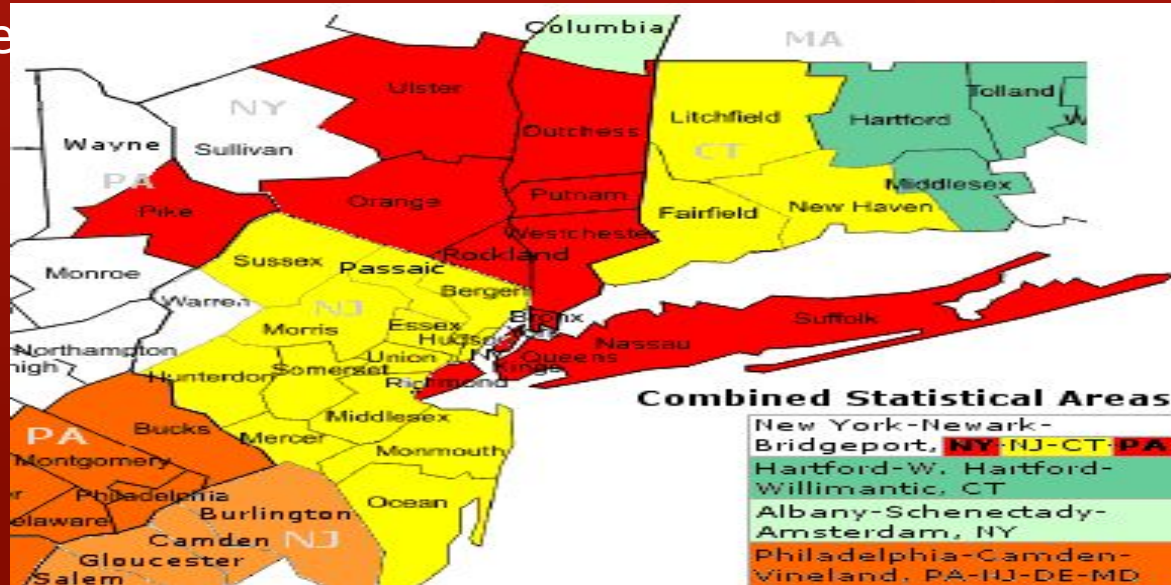
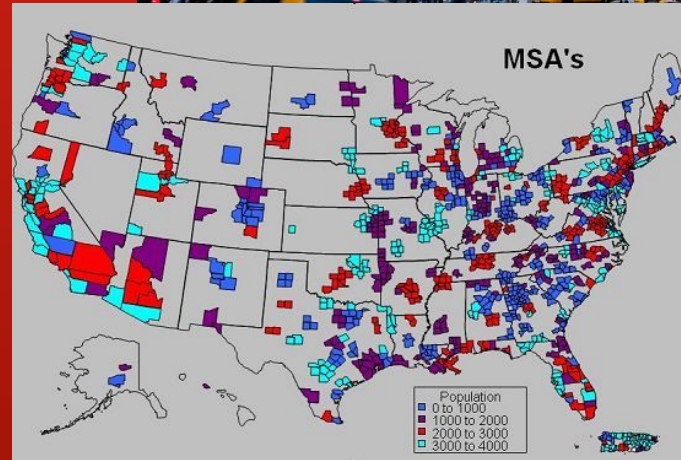
○ Infrastructure – Structural organization of a community

- Communication
- Transportation
- Medical
- Education
- Power Plants
- Clean H2O



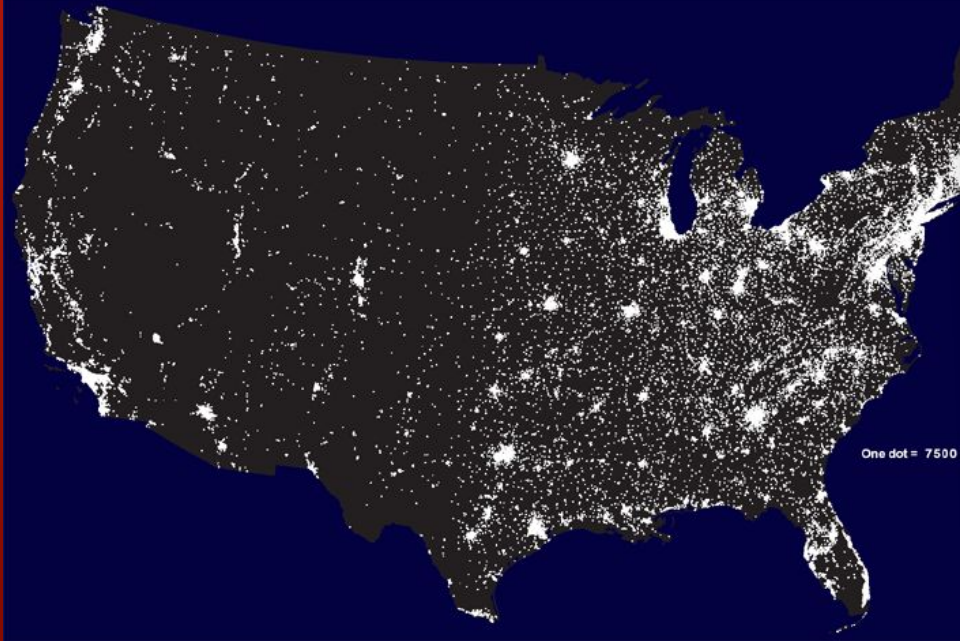
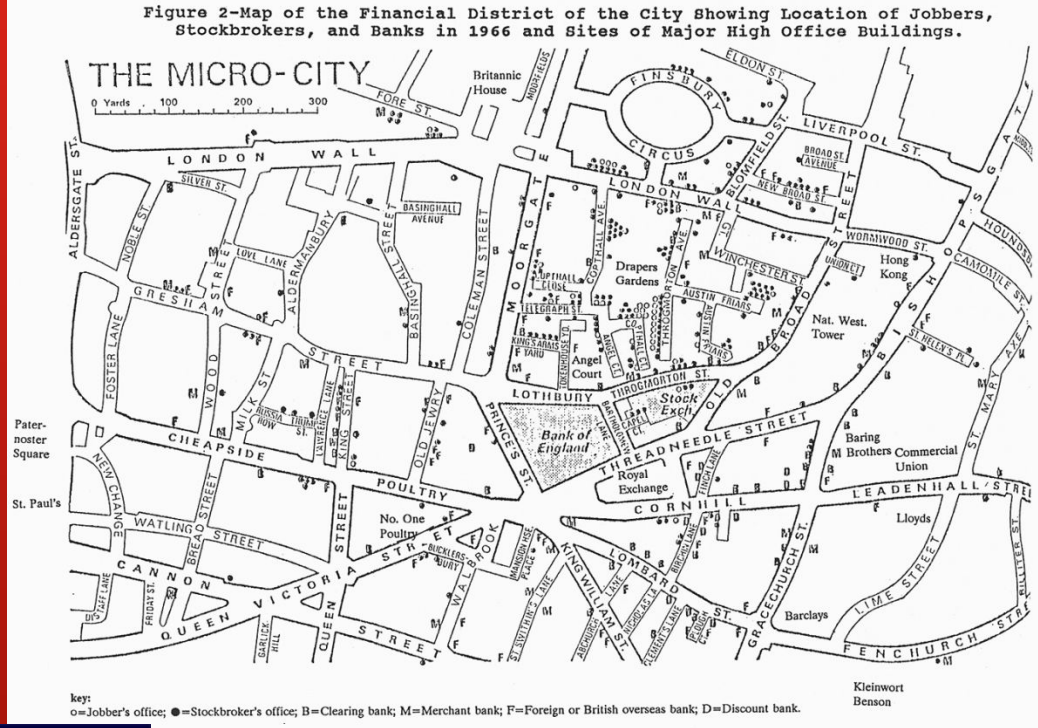
Vocab. Continued

- City – Created as towns population grows and people organize for purposes
 - Economic
 - Social
 - Political
- Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) – defined by US census bureau as “an area that contains a core urban area of at least 50,000 or more population”
- Combined Statistical Area (CSA) – Combination of 2 or more MSA’s that have social & economic ties.



Last Page of Vocab. 😊

- City Proper – City limits.
- Population Density – The amount of people living in 1 square mile.
- Megacity – Consist of more than 10 million residents.



COURTESY

City Talk

- What characteristics are common among all the cities in the pictures?
- What cities would you add to any of your groups?
- What inferences can you make about the location & population of the towns & cities



IT'S... TIME!



44th U.S. PRESIDENT BARACK OBAMA

To Go to Work!

Complete IR - 3

Using IR - 4